## Each school district is unique, but budget development generally follows this timeline.

## School Fall **Budget** 101

In New York state, local school boards must annually develop a

balanced school budget proposal and put it up for a public vote on

• District reviews long-range goals, enrollment projections.

• Administrators begin discussing budget priorities.



• District estimates health care/retirement costs and other major cost drivers.

under the state's property tax cap.<sup>2</sup>

1 The property **tax levy** is the total amount of property taxes the school district collects. The tax rate is the dollar amount per \$1,000 of assessed property value a property owner pays in taxes.

2 Every year, school districts

are required to calculate a "maximum allowable tax levy" under the **property** tax cap law. Exceeding that maximum, or cap, requires approval by a supermajority of voters (60% or more).

**3 Fund Balance** is akin to a district savings account, with funds added when budgeted expenses come in less than expected or

when additional revenue is received. It can be used to help balance the budget or saved for future needs.

-4 If vote fails, the school district has **two choices** - resubmit the same budget or a revised budget for revote on the third Tuesday in June OR adopt a contingent budget.

Budget Vote Third Tuesday

[Money coming in]

• District presents preliminary budget information and identifies potential challenges, adjustments and/or additions to the budget based on cost estimates and projected revenue.

**Expenditures** [Money going out]

the third Tuesday in May.

Revenues

January

March

**February** 

Salaries and Benefits Curriculum and Staff Development Technology, Books and Supplies Facilities Maintenance and Operation Transportation Debt Service

State/Federal Aid **Property Tax Levy** Miscellaneous Income **Fund Balance** 

April

May

• BOE discussions continue on budget options and priority issues such as legislative actions and state aid, the local tax levy and use of **fund balance**, instructional programming needs, and staffing in all areas.

By March 1, the District must submit its calculated maximum allowable tax levy

• Board of Education (BOE) reviews potential budget options in various areas

such as instruction, transportation, special education, facilities, athletics, etc.

 By April 1, the New York State Legislature must adopt a state budget. District updates its state aid projection.

• BOE adopts school budget proposal.

• Third Tuesday in May: BUDGET VOTE DAY 4

**Budget Vote Day:** Third Tuesday in May

Voting on the school district budget is a **special opportunity**. It is one of the few government spending plans on which residents can vote. • Annual budget hearing. Budget information is mailed to all voters.



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